

IN THE
House of Commons



DECEMBER 22ND - THE GENTLEMEN, LEO CAVINDER,
SUBMITS THE FOLLOWING BILL FOR
CONSIDERATION.

HR 1

A

BILL

to

support LGBTQ+ individuals and condemn all actions
against such peoples in this House.

TABLE OF PROVISIONS.

SECTION 1.	TITLE.
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BE IT ENACTED by this House of Commons, in this present, assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1 **SECTION 1. Title.**

2 (a) This Act may be called “Supporting LGBTQ+ Act of
3 2021.”

4 **SECTION 2. Findings.**

5 (a) The House finds that—

6 (i) The House recognizes that all people should be
7 treated equally.

8 (ii) Members of the House support the rights and
9 freedoms of individuals who are lesbian, gay,
10 bisexual, transgender, and queer (LGBTQ).

11 (iii) On June 26, 2003, the United States Supreme
12 Court ruled in *Lawrence v. Texas* that States could
13 no longer criminalize the private conduct in which
14 same-sex couples engage.

15 (iv) On June 26, 2013, the United States Supreme
16 Court ruled in *United States v. Windsor* that
17 section 3 of the Defense of Marriage Act (DOMA)
18 was unconstitutional and the Federal Government
19 could no longer restrict married same-sex couples
20 from receiving Federal benefits and protections.

21 (v) On June 26, 2015, the United States Supreme
22 Court ruled in *Obergefell v. Hodges* that same-sex
23 couples have a constitutional right to marry and
24 States could no longer discriminate against same-
25 sex couples when recognizing or licensing a
26 marriage.

27 (vi) Supreme Court decisions handed down on June
28 26 ended marriage discrimination and the
29 criminalization of same-sex private intimate
30 conduct under the law.

31 (vii) LGBTQ people and their allies have worked
32 together for over 60 years to make progress toward
33 achieving full equality for all people in the United
34 States, regardless of sexual orientation or gender
35 identity.

36 (viii) LGBTQ people in the United States continue
37 to face many barriers to the American dream that
38 cannot be solved through courtroom litigation
39 alone.

40 (ix) transgender people and LGBTQ people of color
41 are disproportionately and uniquely burdened by
42 such barriers, including violence, discrimination,
43 poverty, and societal isolation.

44 (x) although victories at the Supreme Court have
45 affirmed the dignity and equality of millions of
46 same-sex couples, statutory reforms are needed to
47 ensure LGBTQ people in the United States are free
48 from discrimination and have equal access to the
49 American dream.

50 (a) Further, the House finds that—

51 (i) All peoples in the House of Commons and across
52 the county should be treated with respect and
53 dignity.

54 (ii) Jazz Jennings is a famous transgender person
55 and has, and continues to, advocate for LGBTQ+
56 people.

57 (iii) Jazz has changed the world for transgender
58 youth simply by being herself (The Washington
59 Post).

60 (iv) Jazz's decision to be transgender was not a
61 choice, but simply the way she was born.

62 (b) Further, the House finds that—

63 (i) Children can determine their gender identity
64 within 18 to 24 months after birth, according to the
65 Mayo Clinic.

66 (ii) Transphobic remarks have been a reason for
67 suicide among transgender people.

68 **SECTION 3. Supporting all peoples.**

69 (a) The House shall have the power to censure any
70 member that make any remarks that are offensive to
71 LGBTQ+ peoples.

72 (b) The House shall have the power to remove the right to
73 vote on any matters before the House on any member who
74 makes any offensive comments towards LGBTQ+ peoples
75 for a maximum of thirty (30) calendar days.

76 (c) The House shall display a “LGBTQ+ Flag” in replace of
77 the Indiana flag in the month of June.

78 **SECTION 4. Misinformation is deadly.**

79 (a) The House finds that—

80 (i) Misinformation of any time or situation can be
81 deadly to those involved.

82 (ii) Online information about LGBTQ+ people that
83 is misleading can be deadly to transgender youth.

Speaker of the House Assenting